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APPLICATION NO		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/615,279	•	07/08/2003	Jeff Korn	12258-036001	8225
26161	7590	01/12/2006		EXAMINER	
FISH & RICHARDSON PC				JUNG, WILLIAM C	
	P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	0.2.0, 1			3737	
				DATE MAILED: 01/12/2006	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		6	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/615,279	KORN, JEFF	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	William Jung	3737	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 1.136(a). In no event, however, may od will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo tute, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ T 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under 	his action is non-final. vance except for formal ma		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct T1). The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected the drawing(s) be held in abeytection is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line.	ents have been received. ents have been received in riority documents have bee eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/N Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) b(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 1-16 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,895,137 B2 (*Zuluaga et al*). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 1-16 in current application regarding optical coupler comprising a housing with a rotatable distal face and stationary proximal face, the distal face having eccentric port and a central port, a lens disposed inside the housing to intercept a rotating collection beam emerging from the eccentric port and to re-direct the collection beam to a focus proximal to the lens as a

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the collection beam rotates, and a beam re-director being oriented to direct a delivery beam toward the central port are claimed in claims 1-22 in US Pat. No. 6,895,137. Although the wording of the claims is not identical, the claimed invention is identical.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (f) he did not himself invent the subject matter sought to be patented.
- 5. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(f) because the applicant did not invent the claimed subject matter.

Claims 1-16 in current application regarding optical coupler comprising a housing with a rotatable distal face and stationary proximal face, the distal face having eccentric port and a central port, a lens disposed inside the housing to intercept a rotating collection beam emerging from the eccentric port and to re-direct the collection beam to a focus proximal to the lens as a the collection beam rotates, and a beam re-director being oriented to direct a delivery beam toward the central port are claimed in claims 1-22 in US Pat. No. 6,895,137 with different inventive entity (no common inventors) but assigned to a common assignee.

6. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by *Seibel* (US 6,975,898 B2).

Seibel anticipates all claimed features in claims 1-16:

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Claims 1, 2, 6-8, 10, 11, and 15: Seibel discloses an optical coupler comprising a housing 238 with a rotatable distal face 204 and stationary proximal face, 208 the distal face having eccentric port and a central port 202, a lens disposed inside the housing to intercept a rotating collection beam emerging from the eccentric port and to re-direct the collection beam to a focus proximal to the lens as a the collection beam rotates, and a beam re-director being oriented to direct a delivery beam toward the central port and the rotation of the distal face is about the central port 202 (col. 13, line 9 – col. 14, line 13).

Claims 3-5, 9, 12-14, and 16: Seibel also discloses that the beam re-director comprises prism 272 (col. 16, lines 40-58) and a mirror 352, 354, 356 (col. 18, lines 49-65). The purpose of using penta-prism is a not defined therefore; it is merely a design choice in shape of the prism.

Claim Objections

Claims 9 and 16 contain the trademark/trade name Axicon. Where a trademark or trade name is used in a claim as a limitation to identify or describe a particular material or product, the claim does not comply with the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. See *Ex parte Simpson*, 218 USPQ 1020 (Bd. App. 1982). The claim scope is uncertain since the trademark or trade name cannot be used properly to identify any particular material or product. A trademark or trade name is used to identify a source of goods, and not the goods themselves. Thus, a trademark or trade name does not identify or describe the goods associated with the trademark or trade name. In the present case, the trademark/trade name is used to identify/describe a type of lens and, accordingly, the identification/description is indefinite.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to William Jung, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-4739.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on 571-272-4956. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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DOG

January 8, 2006

BRIAN L. CASLER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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